

The Wildlife Center of Virginia ... a hospital for native wildlife.

During 2017, the Wildlife Center admitted 2,768 patients – sick, injured, and orphaned wild animals from all across Virginia, and our highest caseload since 2002.

Among the 2017 patients were:

- 403 Eastern Cottontails;
- 329 Virginia Opossums;
- 198 Eastern Gray Squirrels;
- 119 Eastern Box Turtles;
- 10 different species of bats;
- One Fowler's Toad *(cover photo)*. This adult toad was accidentally stepped on and suffered a dislocated left femur. After four weeks of physical therapy, the toad was returned to the wild.

A record-setting 55 Bald Eagles, shattering the previous record of 42 eagles set in 2012. About 70 percent of these 55 eagles came in with detectable levels of lead in their blood.

Eagles are ingesting fragments of lead bullets and shotgun pellets left in the remains of deer and small game that have been shot with lead-based ammunition.

A lead fragment no bigger than a small grain of rice can kill a Bald Eagle.

There **are** treatment options available – if the eagle is treated in time.

The Wildlife Center is also leading a national campaign to encourage hunters to switch to non-lead ammunition.



2017 Patient Admissions

Total Admissions	2,768	Northern Diamondhael Terranin	2	Horned Lark	1
Total Autilissions	2,700	Northern Diamondback Terrapin Northern Ring-necked Snake	2 2	House Finch	1 36
Mammals [1,306 patients]		Northern Rough Greensnake	1	House Sparrow	18
American Beaver	3	Red Cornsnake	2	House Wren	4
American Black Bear	21	Red-eared Slider	3	Northern Cardinal	39
Big Brown Bat	27	Smooth Greensnake	1	Northern Mockingbird	7
Bobcat	2	Snapping Turtle	21	Ovenbird	2
Brazilian Free-tailed Bat	1	Timber Rattlesnake	1	Purple Martin	1
Coyote	1	Wood Turtle	1	Red-eyed Vireo	3
Deer Mouse	24	Yellow-bellied Slider	2	Red-winged Blackbird	1
Domestic Rabbit	1			Scarlet Tanager	3
Eastern Chipmunk	11	Raptors and Vultures [374]		Song Sparrow	6
Eastern Cottontail	403	American Kestrel	8	Swainson's Thrush	1
Eastern Gray Squirrel	198	Bald Eagle	55	Tree Swallow	1
Eastern Mole	1	Barn Owl	1	Tufted Titmouse	9
Eastern Pipistrelle	3	Barred Owl	34	Undetermined Passerine	13
Eastern Red Bat	6	Black Vulture	16	White-breasted Nuthatch	5
Eastern Small-footed Myotis	1	Broad-winged Hawk	18	White-throated Sparrow	3
Eastern Woodrat	1	Cooper's Hawk	34	Willow Flycatcher	1
Evening Bat	1	Eastern Screech-Owl	69	Yellow Warbler	1
Gray Fox	4	Great Horned Owl	24		
Hoary Bat	1	Gyrfalcon	2	Other Birds [259]	0
House Mouse	24	Northern Harrier	1	American Woodcock	2
Little Brown Bat Little Short-tailed Shrew	2	Osprey	7	Black-billed Cuckoo	1
Meadow Vole	$\frac{1}{1}$	Peregrine Falcon	6	Canada Goose	43
North American River Otter	1	Red-shouldered Hawk	22 58	Chimney Swift	7
Northern Long-eared Bat	1	Red-tailed Hawk	58 7	Common Loon Domestic Fowl	2 5
Pine Vole	1	Sharp-shinned Hawk Turkey Vulture	12	Double-crested Cormorant	3 1
Raccoon	54	Turkey vulture	12	Downy Woodpecker	2
Red Fox	19	Passerines [Songbirds][575]		Eastern Whip-poor-will	1
Silver-haired Bat	3	American Crow	36	Great Blue Heron	6
Southern Flying Squirrel	14	American Goldfinch	13	Great Egret	1
Striped Skunk	17	American Robin	91	Green Heron	1
Virginia Opossum	329	Baltimore Oriole	1	Herring Gull	1
White-footed Mouse	9	Barn Swallow	9	Killdeer	6
White-tailed Deer	101	Black-capped Chickadee	1	Mallard	34
Woodchuck	19	Blue Jay	35	Mourning Dove	63
		Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	1	Northern Flicker	6
Reptiles and Amphibians [254	4]	Brown Thrasher	7	Pied-billed Grebe	1
African Dwarf Frog	18	Brown-headed Cowbird	2	Pileated Woodpecker	3
Axolotl	29	Carolina Chickadee	3	Red-bellied Woodpecker	19
Coastal Plain Cooter	1	Carolina Wren	39	Rock Dove	9
Common Five-lined Skink	1	Cedar Waxwing	13	Ruby-throated Hummingbird	19
Eastern American Toad	1	Chipping Sparrow	6	Virginia Rail	1
Eastern Box Turtle	119	Common Grackle	30	Wild Turkey	4
Eastern Fence Lizard	1	Common Raven	1	Wood Duck	10
Eastern Gartersnake	3	Connecticut Warbler	1	Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	7
Eastern Mud Turtle	1	Dark-eyed Junco	2	Yellow-billed Cuckoo	4
Eastern Painted Turtle	20	Eastern Bluebird	22	- 1	
Eastern Ratsnake	14	Eastern Meadowlark	1		
Eastern River Cooter	5	Eastern Phoebe	11		
Fowler's Toad	1	Eastern Towhee	1		
Northern Black Racer	3	European Starling	69		0
Northern Brownsnake	1	Fish Crow	10		
Includes nationts admitted	aret	Gray Cathird	13		No.
Includes patients admitted as part		Great Crested Flycatcher	1	O	

Hermit Thrush

of enforcement actions.

Bobcats

Bobcats are found all across Virginia ... but these secretive, elusive cats are rarely seen. In the past decade, the Center has admitted only nine Bobcats – including two in 2017!

Bobcat #17-2495 (top right photos). On September 30, a juvenile female Bobcat was struck by a vehicle while crossing Route 33 in Rockingham County. The cat was captured and transported to the Wildlife Center, where it was assigned Patient #17-2495 – the 2,495th patient of the year. Radiographs found a fracture of the right femur.

Dr. Ernesto Dominguez, the Center's Hospital Director, took the Bobcat into surgery on October 4 and successfully stabilized the fracture.

The Bobcat has been living in the Center's Large Mammal Enclosure since late October; she is expected to be released back into the wild in April.

In the meantime, #17-2495 may occasionally be spotted on Cam #3 of the Center's web-based *Critter Cam*. [Even in a relatively confined space, a Bobcat can be secretive and elusive.] *Critter Cam* watchers have seen behaviors familiar to anyone who has a domestic house-cat – grooming, napping in the sunshine, playing with her food ... and a fascination with boxes.



Bobcat #17-2688 (bottom left photos). On Thanksgiving Day a woman driving from Gloucester County to work in Richmond hit "something". When she arrived at work, she was surprised to see that that "something" was a Bobcat – which was lodged in the grille of her Prius.

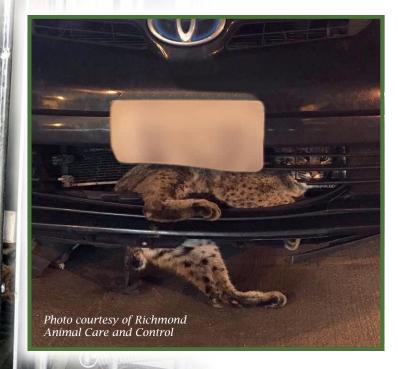
That Bobcat was admitted to the Center later that day – as Patient #17-2688 – and the photo of the cat lodged in the grille was picked up by media across the country. The Bobcat appeared to be in miraculously good shape; Center vets later found a hairline fracture of the cat's jaw. The Bobcat adjusted to a special soft diet – a rat

slurry [blenderized rat parts].

On January 22, the Bobcat was sedated for a complete set of radiographs, blood work, and urinalysis. Radiographs confirmed that the jaw fracture had fully healed; other tests were within normal limits.

The Bobcat has been successfully transitioned to whole food and is expected to be returned to the wild soon.

For the latest news on these Bobcats, and many other patients, please visit the Center's website ... www.wildlifecenter.org.



The Wildlife Center of Virginia ... teaching the world to care about and to care for wildlife and the environment.

During 2017, the Wildlife Center:

- Provided hands-on training in our state-of-the-art facilities to 58 veterinary and rehabilitation students from 29 states and seven other countries. In March, we were the host facility for the National Wildlife Rehabilitators Association's annual conference in Williamsburg, which drew more than 500 participants from 45 states and three countries. And in November, we sponsored our own *Call of the Wild* conference in Waynesboro, with 195 participants.
- Launched the Wildlife Care Academy, providing online and in-person instruction in wildlife rehabilitation, wildlife medicine and diagnostics, capture and restraint techniques, etc. In its first six months, the Academy "enrolled" hundreds of individuals from 32 states ... and Belize, Brazil, Canada, India, and Portugal.
- Did in-person programs primarily in schools and libraries that engaged more than 18,000 children and adults. Through

- Skype, Center outreach staff "traveled" more than 76,000 miles online visiting classrooms in 20 states and Brazil, Canada, India, Ireland, and the United Kingdom.
- Continued *Critter Cam*, a live online broadcast and moderated discussion on the Center's website. *Critter Cam* allows wildlife enthusiasts around the world to watch a variety of patients rollicking Black Bear cubs, Bald Eagles, a Bobcat and to check in on some of the Center's beloved residents.
- On a monthly basis, the Center broadcast *Hospital Cam*, a live "over-the-shoulder" look at the veterinary and rehabilitation team treating patients in the Center's clinic. And we did an occasional *Surgery Cam* a live feed from the Center's surgical suite.
- Through the efforts of a dedicated team of volunteers, produced the ninth edition of the *Garden of Eagles* calendar. Proceeds from the sale of the 2018 calendar paid for a re-design and replacement of the roofs of two of the Center's eagle flight pens (*photo left*). These pens are where eagles and other large raptors are exercised before they are returned to the wild.
- Celebrated our 35th Anniversary!

2018 SAVE THE DATES

- April 27: *Buddy the Bald Eagle's 10th Hatch Day Celebration*, Wildlife Center, Waynesboro
- November 3: *Annual Gala and Benefit Auction*, Stonewall Jackson Hotel, Staunton
- November 16 18: 23rd Annual *Call* of the Wild Conference, Best Western Inn & Suites Conference Center, Waynesboro



Teaching With "Dear Abby"...

In August, along with letters about a strained relationship with a mother-in-law and a familiar "am I ready to date?" question from a 15-year-old, came a letter to Dear Abby from "An Apple A Day". "Apple" reported that she ate an apple every day on the way home from work and tossed the core out the car window. "I try my best to support the Earth, and I believe I am feeding the rabbits and birds with my apple a day." Some of her friends called the habit littering, and "Apple" asked for Abby's advice.

Abby sided with the friends and encouraged "Apple" to keep a litter bag in her car.

"Dear Abby" receives about

is syndicated in about 1,400

110 million people.

10.000 letters a week. The column

newspapers across the U.S., with a

combined circulation of more than

Wildlife Center President Ed Clark wrote his own letter to Dear Abby, which appeared in her column a few months later ...

"Dear Abby: I am president and co-founder of the Wildlife Center of Virginia, one of the leading teaching and research hospitals for wildlife medicine in the world. We have treated more than 70,000 wild patients since our organization was established 35 years ago. Like the reader who is under the impression that throwing an apple core out the car window is doing something positive for the Earth, many individuals make 'little' decisions without considering the unintended consequences. The example of the apple core has been at the heart of our education program for more than three decades. Before throwing that apple core, believing that some small animal will come finish what's left, people should consider what will happen if the animal coming to eat their scraps happens to be on the other side of the road.

"Throwing out that apple core will lure that creature into harm's way. Countless opossums, raccoons, skunks and other small mammals are killed every day because of human food waste on the shoulder of the road. And it doesn't stop there. Predators like owls also suffer. They hunt along the side of the road, not because they eat apple cores, but because they eat the mice, voles and other small animals who are attracted to feed on that apple core. Then, when the opossum, raccoon or owl is killed by a car, scavengers are attracted to the pavement, where their lives, too, are at risk.

"If readers want to help the Earth, they should take their waste home and dispose of it or recycle it properly. The small act of throwing an apple core out of a car window can cost the lives of the very creatures they claim to want to help."

"Dear Mr. Clark," Abby responded, "Thank you for writing so eloquently to educate my readers – and me. Lesson learned."

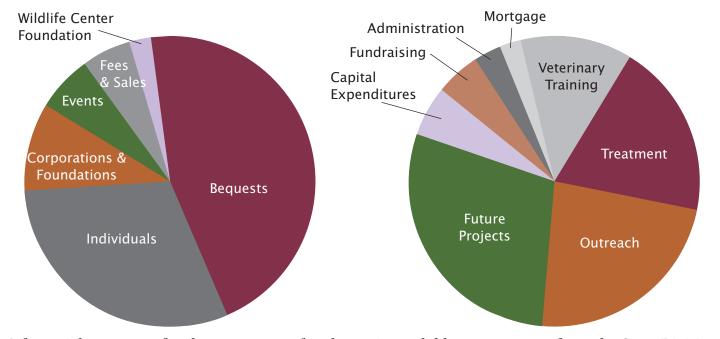
Financials

The Wildlife Center of Virginia is a 501(c)(3) organization that depends primarily on private donations – not federal, state, or local government funding – for its programs and services. The Center works hard to be an effective and efficient non-profit – we strive to keep our administrative and fundraising costs to a minimum so that we can do the best job possible as a wildlife hospital and education center.

Here's a snapshot of the Center's revenues and expenditures for 2017:

	\$2,089,299	100%
Wildlife Center Foundation	49,000	2%
Program Fees/Sales	88,112	4%
Events [net]	105,641	5%
Corporations/Foundations	178,344	9%
Bequests	938,165	45%
Individuals	\$730,037	35%
2017 Revenues		

2017 Expenditures		
Treatment	\$405,570	19%
Veterinary Training	322,649	16%
Outreach/Conservation	423,944	20%
Fundraising	100,386	5%
Administration	71,262	3%
Mortgage	40,415	2%
Capital Expenditures	145,613	7%
Future Projects/Reserves	579,460	28%
	\$2.089.299	100%



A financial statement for the most recent fiscal year is available upon request from the State Division of Consumer Affairs, P.O. Box 1163, Richmond VA 23209, 804.786.1343. Financial statements are also posted on the Center's website.



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Directors and staff as of January 2018.





CLIFFORD



POSIE



WILLOW

Welcome ABOARD!

During 2017, the Wildlife Center welcomed four new wildlife ambassadors – non-releasable animals who are now serving as Center representatives. These animals travel with our outreach staff across Virginia – to schools, libraries, county fairs, community forums – and help to demonstrate the steps that each of us can take to protect wildlife and the environment.

GREENBEAN is a Northern Rough Greensnake. She was an education snake at a nature center in Virginia for nine years; her origins are unknown, although Northern Rough Greensnakes are found across Virginia. When the nature center closed down in the spring of 2017, her keeper contacted the Wildlife Center to see if Greenbean could continue her role as an ambassador. Greenbean officially joined the Wildlife Center team in June 2017.

Northern Rough Greensnakes are arboreal, meaning they spend most of their time in trees. In the wild, they eat grasshoppers, crickets, caterpillars, spiders, small frogs, snails, and slugs. At the Wildlife Center, Greenbean eats live crickets.

To learn more about these and other Wildlife Center ambassadors – and to learn how you may "adopt" one or more – visit the "Caring for Critters" section of the Center's website.



